



PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY BY
EDGAR SNOWDEN.
SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 30, 1877.

The New Hampshire House of Representatives refused, on Tuesday last, by the solid vote of the republicans in that body, to adopt a resolution, introduced by a democrat, endorsing the policy of the present administration. The same resolution was called up again yesterday, and though strong efforts were made by the democrats to have it adopted, the republicans succeeded in laying it on the table. The radical politicians are opposed to the President's conciliatory policy, because that policy has already restored peace, and will, if continued, secure prosperity to the country; but peace and prosperity are not the food upon which radicalism thrives; indeed they are fatal to its very existence. Ill feeling, bloodshed, confusion, anarchy, and idleness and prostration of business are the means by which radicalism has retained possession of the treasury of the country, and being begotten of hate, avarice and selfishness, it is of course opposed to any mitigation of those evils, because such mitigation would threaten its own life. But though radicalism may oppose the President's policy and endeavor, by bluster and bravado, to deter him from pursuing it any longer, they will not be as successful as they were when they adopted the same means to force him into the White House, for the people of the country understand them better now than they did last February, and will sustain him in all that is commendable.

A dispatch from Richmond says the indications now are that there will be a close run in the State Conservative Convention for nominating a candidate for Governor, and that unless the nomination be made on one of the first ballots, it is thought that Gen. W. H. F. Lee will be chosen as a compromise man. General Rooney Lee declined being a candidate because his cousin, Gen. Fitz, was one, but should the Convention, in the contingency alluded to, do as the dispatch anticipates, a distinguished honor would be conferred upon one in any way worthy of it, and who would reflect the honor back upon the State by the manner in which he would fulfill the duties of the office. It is acknowledged that Gen. W. H. F. Lee is the second choice of the friends of all the other gentlemen whose names have been mentioned in the connection with the Governorship.

Mr. Fulton, proprietor of the Baltimore American, must be a man of great influence in Baltimore, for he pledged the President that if he would appoint Mr. Thomas Collector of the port of that city he, Fulton, would guarantee the defeat of the democratic municipal ticket. The President has performed his part of the contract, and the question now is can he, Fulton, comply with his engagement. Some people have an exaggerated opinion of their own importance, and we are inclined to think that Mr. Fulton is of that number. If he succeeds in defeating Col. Kain he will be a much "bigger man" in the estimation of most people than he is now.

Senator Spencer, the carpet-bag Senator from Alabama, acquired such a habit of calling for troops while in the South that he can't break himself of it, and now, even though he is in the Black Hills, he telegraphs to the Secretary of War for a company to be stationed in his immediate vicinity, but solely for the benefit of the "agricultural interest" of that region.

The low price at which anthracite coal lately sold, \$2.20, induces the hope that housekeepers may be able to obtain their supplies at cheaper rates than those now prevailing, \$4.25, but is not indicative of an increased business in Cumberland coal, in which this city is so much interested.

The loss sustained by the people of this country from damages to sheep during the past year amounted to nearly eight million of dollars. The rate of loss was greatest in the South, and least in the States having dog laws.

From Washington.
[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, June 30.—There was no business whatever transacted at the President's house to-day, it being the President's private day and he being absent.

The clerks in all the public offices are being paid off to-day, and this, together with the paying off of a large number of laborers now employed in laying the new pavements, is expected to make business brisk next week.

VIRGINIA NOTES.
There has never been any expectation on the part of the Internal Revenue officers of enforcing the revenue tax levied directly after the war and released yesterday.

The French Consul at New York says that all the prospects for an Alsatian colony in Virginia have been given up.

A new postoffice will be established next week at Sweet Water, Va.

POTTER'S AMERICAN MONTHLY.—The July number of this excellent family magazine has been received from its publishers in Philadelphia. Its contents are:
"Scenic and Civic New England," by Oramel S. Senter; Dr. Blackwood's paper on "English Decorated Architecture;" "The Mysterious Monogram;" "Historic Characters and Souvenirs of the Revolution;" "A Gifted and beautiful Princess;" "Word History;" "Some Singular Coincidences after one Hundred Years."

The Editorial department discusses various themes, such as "The Oriental War;" "Our Patriot Dead;" "Reform;" "Science and Vital Power;" "Evolution;" "Working Hours of Authors," etc.

The coal breaker at Forestville, near Minersville, Pa., was burned this morning, and is a total loss. It was valued at \$50,000.

The Yale and Harvard boat race to day was won by the Harvards.

The Eastern War.

The Grand Duke Nicholas has received the Grand Cross of St. George of the second class for the passage of the Danube, his son the military cross, and Gen. Nekolschitzky, Chief of Staff, the Grand Cross of St. George of the third class. The Emperor has taken up his residence near Turin Magarelli.

An account of the crossing of the Danube by a correspondent who was an eye witness, says:—"With the darkness General Dragomiroff began his dispositions. His first work was to plant in made emplacements a row of field guns all along the edge of the flats to sweep the opposite banks. This was while the infantry was being marched over the flats to the cover of the willows. The darkness and obstructions were so great that all was not ready until the first glimmer of dawn. There was no bridge, but a number of river boats, capable of holding, from fifteen to forty five men each. These were dragged on carriages through the mud, and launched in the darkness. The boats put off singly, rowing across for a little cove, and later a little steam tug was brought into requisition. The Turks immediately opened a smart fire, both on the boats and the troops who were waiting to cross. The leading boat contained Major General Yelchene. The Turkish riflemen were in position about fifty yards from the shore. He landed his handful of men, and bade them lie down in the mud, and then opened a severe skirmishing fire to cover the landing of the boats that followed. One by one the landed troops, who followed the example of the first boat load. At length enough had accumulated. Among them was Gen. Skobeleff and his son. Gen. Yelchene bade his men fix bayonets, stand up, and follow their officers. There was a rush and a cheer. The Turks fired an effective volley, but did not wait. General Yelchene's skirmishers followed them some distance up the slope but for a time could not press on far from their base. Meanwhile the Russian guns from across the river and the Turkish artillery were firing briskly. Turkish shells kept falling in the water and whistling through the willows and bursting among the columns on the flat.

One shell from a mountain gun fell into a boat containing two guns, their gunners and the commandant of a battery. The boat was swamped, and all on board perished. This was the only serious casualty, but many Russian soldiers were falling on both sides of the river.

It is said that a Turkish gunboat has broken the bridge at Ibrail. The foreign Consuls have left Rustchuk.

The Turkish gunners clung to their guns with wonderful staunchness until the clouds of dust thrown up by the shells which burst around them. A Turkish monitor had been hemmed in by a cordon of torpedoes within the channel north of the island opposite Vardie, and a Russian battery on the Roumanian side shelled her. After their first repulse from the landing place the Turks rallied and concentrated on the upper slopes in front of their battery, and then came down on the pickets of General Yelchene's brigade and made some headway, but only for a moment. Soon after upon the Russian infantry had crowned the heights. A Turkish infantry detachment tried to work around and down upon Sistova, but was thwarted by an intercepting skirmishing force.

The correspondent estimates the loss at 1,000. He adds that probably two bridges will be built at Simitza, which will be the main thoroughfare for the Russian army. One hundred thousand men will march in the column which is now crossing.

A dispatch dated Shumila, Thursday states that a forward movement of the Turks will immediately take place to meet the Russians who have crossed the Danube.

A dispatch from Bucharest, dated June 29, says:—"The Russian forces at Hirsova, reported to be marching on Silistria, are said to be within forty kilometres of that fortress. The Turks are apparently concentrating their troops in the principal forts, where they will soon be attacked. Everything is reported quiet to day on the Danube. It is ascertained now that the principal crossing west of Giurgevo was at Petroceni and Parapan, just below Simitza, where the Russians crossed on a large number of rafts and small boats until a position was secured on the south bank. This accounts for the comparatively small loss suffered by the Russian troops, as the passage was effected in small detachments, who were scattered on the river, and advanced towards the opposite bank after the manner of skirmishers, so as to render the enemy's fire less effective. The Russians have also crossed at Turun Magarelli, and have joined the Grand Duke Nicholas at Sistova. The Russian Commissariat have telegraphed to hurry up supplies for the army, representing that the country on the other side of the river is entirely destitute, and saying there are fears of a famine in Bulgaria."

The Russians attempted to cross the river at Nikopolis on Thursday in fifty lighters. Ten of the lighters were sunk by shells. The attempt failed. The slaughter was frightful.

It is reported from Constantinople that since the Russians crossed the Danube the Sultan's intimate advisers have more than ever urged him to enter into negotiations with the Czar as soon as the Turks have suffered serious defeat.

A special from Pera says it is reported that the Russians have taken Batum. No definite intelligence, however, is obtainable.

Deputies of the Cretan Assembly have sent a telegram to the Sultan praying him to send a mixed commission to examine the questions at issue between Mussulmans and Christians. The Deputies refuse the Porte's summons to send delegates to Constantinople to explain their grievances.

Admiral Hussen Pasha is cruising in the Morean and Jonian waters with four iron clads, watching for a chance of attacking two Russian frigates.

Five or six days ago an Austrian Lloyd steamer landed at Corfu for the Turkish Government 193 cases of arms, which it intended to reship for Proessa in Albania, but the Russian Consul protested to the Greek Government against the use of neutral territory as a depot for arms of a belligerent. The Government thereupon ordered the detention of the arms, and the captain of the Austrian ship, to which they had already been re-embarked, on hearing the protest, unloaded them into boats, where they now remain.

The Turks intimated that they were sending a Turk to man-of-war to fetch the arms. The Greeks replied that they would send what force was at their disposal to prevent it. The Turkish Government protested, but, notwithstanding, the Greeks have ordered the iron clads George and Olga to leave immediately, and they are now ready. The Greek Government has informed the Powers of this, calling upon them for support in preserving neutrality. They will allow the arms to be taken to Trieste by a neutral ship.

Austria approves the course taken by the Greek Government in detaining the Turkish arms at Corfu. It is proposed that an Austrian steamer be allowed to take them to some neutral port. This Greece will agree to provided the Austrian Consul gives a written guarantee as to their destination.

Telegrams from various points on the Danube give particulars of the frightful bombardments along that river. At Rustchuk the German Consulate was destroyed by 24 shells. The French by 3 and the Austrian Consulate was riddled. The military hospital in the Jews quarter received 72 shells. They fall everywhere and no spot can be considered safe. Up to Wednesday the Turks had thrown 2,000 or 3,000 shells into Giurgevo. However, though the streets here and there are ploughed up,

houses bored through, not more than one house in twenty or thirty is seriously injured. At Otteniza General Eberworth of the Eleventh infantry division was shot through the shoulder by a Turkish sharp shooter from the other side of the Danube.

A dispatch from Vienna, dated last night, says:—"It is persistently announced here that a battle has been raging to-day below Sistova. Serbia has ordered at Paris accoutrements for 50,000 men to be delivered in three weeks."

An Otteniza dispatch, dated Wednesday, says:—"This morning's operations have been a successful attempt to unmask the Turkish batteries by launching a fleet of 8 boats loaded with dummy soldiers. When the fleet reached midstream it drew fire from a thousand rifles and many cannon upon itself and the Russian earthworks."

A letter from Ezeroum, dated June 7, says:—"The Turks collected at Van for the defence of the country have struck terror into the whole district."

The streets of the town itself re-echo their violence and disorder. The American missionaries have taken refuge aboard a small pleasure boat on Lake Van. They float about the Lake during the day and sleep in some secluded village at night.

Colored Public Schools.

SNOWDEN SCHOOL, NO. 1.

The final examination of this school took place yesterday morning, and was conducted by Messrs. McKenzie, Kemper and Whittelsey, trustees. There are but two divisions, taught respectively by John F. Parker, Principal, and William P. Burke. The boys in both far exceeded the expectations of the examiners, and proved, conclusively, that they had been very thoroughly taught. In the upper division some difficult musical exercises were performed with great accuracy, and many boys showed their ability to read simple music at sight, an accomplishment possessed by no other school in the city.

The cards of honor were distributed immediately at the close of the examination by the Mayor-elect, who, as well as Mr. Lewis McKenzie and Superintendent Carne, made a brief address. The award was as follows:

Studies—Rosier D. Lyles, Clarence A. Miller, Norman B. Pinn, George Nolan, Joseph R. Smith and John Bell.

Department—John M. Wair and Welfred Smith.

SNOWDEN SCHOOL, NO. 2.

Good Conduct—George Darnell and John Tripick.

Recitations and Attendance—John F. Wair and George Darnell.

Mr. Lewis McKenzie also gave premiums to the following boys: John Bell, Wm. Birch, Sherman Jackson, Alfred Jackson, Randolph Fulton, James Cooley, George Nolan, Dennis Hudson and others.

The Superintendent gave his medal to Rosier D. Lyles.

HALLOWELL SCHOOL, NO. 1.

This school is under the charge of Miss Sarah A. Gray, assisted by Mrs. Jane A. Crough and Misses Ida R. Morris and Carrie C. Claggett. There are about two hundred girls on the rolls. The examination was conducted by Messrs. John S. Beach, Wm. H. Marbury and Wm. W. Herbert, trustees, and was declared to be quite a satisfactory one. The distribution of awards was as follows:

Attendance, Department and Studies—Carrie C. Shaw, Louise Darnell, Annie R. Bradock, Catherine Berry, Matilda Cook, Harriet Lewis, Mary Mullen, Ella Russell, Ella Harris, Mary Brown, Nannie Truchart, Hattie Adam, Lulu Poindester, Lena Poindester, Rebecca Roland, Mary Richardson, Hattie Jackson, Maggie Darnell, Alice Cheek and Sarah Ratcliff.

HALLOWELL SCHOOL, NO. 2.

Attendance, Department and Studies—Sarah Allen, Rosalie Miller, Rosalie Williams, Hannah Day, Susan Douglas, Cynthia Richardson, Mary Howard, Ida Willis, Josephine Miller, Margaretta Hanev, Sarah Perriels, Luvevia Lewis, Ella Fields, Edmonia Derrick, Jennie Hill, Sarah Adams, Hattie Luckett, Mary Vernon, Amy Clark, Louisa Coates, Harriet Dudley, Mildred Wright, Julia Waters, Agnes Walker, Willie Shepherd, Ada Conaway, Anna Davis, Arianna Parkerson, Aleida Davis and Maria Jackson.

HALLOWELL SCHOOL, NO. 3.

Attendance, Department and Studies—Lizzie Alexander, Maggie Lewis, Emma Lewis, Louisa Gibson, Lizzie Pinkney, Harriet Nalls, Cornelia Mallory, Louisa Taylor and Ida Williams.

HALLOWELL SCHOOL, NO. 4.

Attendance, Department and Studies—Susan King, Hattie Darnell, Emma Whitlar, Louisa Chapman, Fannie Lucas, Lottie Hunsbury, Minnie Williams, Ella Stewart, Josephine Whiting, Jane Wair and Susie Norton.

CUSTIS SCHOOL.

This is a school of a hundred small children, boys and girls, under the charge of Miss Carrie V. Nolan, and is a double school, one-half attending in the morning, the other in the afternoon.

Miss Nolan's health during the year has much impaired its efficiency, but the examination by Mr. Beach was satisfactory. The award was as follows:

Attendance and Studies—Maggie Brown, William James, Willie Luckett, Leonard Dagan and Frank Banks.

After the examination the pupils and invited guest were invited by Miss Gray to partake of ice cream and cake.

PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION.

At 8 p. m. the children of Hallowell and Custis schools, neatly attired in white, proceeded from the L. C. school-building, on north Alfred street, to the colored M. E. Church on south Washington street, where the evening exercises took place.

"Little Brown Church," and then the cards of honor were distributed to Custis School and Hallowell Nos. 1 and 2. Then there was another song, "Knocking," followed by the distribution to the Hallowell Nos. 2 and 1, after which "Natalie" was sung, and premiums, presented by Mr. Lewis McKenzie, awarded to Sarah Parham, Mattie Butler, Addie Ware, Louisa Tancil, Sophronia Grady, Lucy Poindester, Mary Slater, Mattie Parker, Mollie Fisher, Mary Brown, Jennie Richards, Jerusha Dixon, Rachel Turner, Bertie Parker, Alice Cunningham, Mary Henderson, Mary Stuart, Mary Gaskins, Caroline Crouch and others.

A handsome premium from the teacher of No. 2 was also presented to Sarah Stuart.

A number of girls then advanced, headed by Jerusha Dixon, and presented to the Principal a beautiful silver butter dish, with a neat address, to which the Superintendent replied on the part of Miss Gray.

Mayor Johnson, George A. Mushbach, esq., S. C. Neale, esq., Rev. Fields Cook, Rev. M. C. Cheeks and Superintendent Carne then briefly addressed the audience, the last named presenting his medal to Margaret M. Chapman.

The children then sang "Sweet Echo" and "I Dream of My Home."

At the July meeting of the Potomac Fruit Growers' Association next Tuesday, the president, Mr. Chalkley Gillingham, will read a paper on the climate of the Potomac region in its adaptation to fruit culture.

No child can sleep soundly while suffering with Colic or from Teething. Remove the cause by using Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. Only 25 cents per bottle.

The Indian War.

A dispatch from Portland says Col. Wood has received the following dispatch from Gen. Howard dated: At the front, June 27, 8:45 a. m. We have overtaken Joseph, who is well posted at the mouth of White Bird Creek. Chief White Bird is in charge of the entire united bands. Joseph is the fighting chief. The Indians are bold and waiting for us to engage them. Lieut. Trimble and his volunteers are at Slate Creek. Our headquarters to night will be at the mouth of White Bird Creek. Most of our dead have been found; seventeen wounded and starving. The rains are very troublesome, and the roads and trails bad. The troops are in the best of spirits and ready for decisive work.

A correspondent of the Associated Press sends the following dispatch, dated Camp at Camas Prairie, June 27th, 6:30 a. m. "We marched from Mount Idaho to this place on Monday afternoon, a distance of ten miles. Yesterday Gen. Howard made a reconnaissance in force, leaving a strong guard in camp. We proceeded to the scene of Col. Perry's late battle with the Indians, and buried twenty-seven of the dead soldiers, which leaves six bodies yet to be found. Lieut. Theller's body has not yet been discovered. Those buried were in such an advanced stage of decomposition as to be unrecognizable. All the arms and equipments of the dead soldiers were taken by the Indians. The majority of the bodies were scalped. We found and brought into camp Manuel, one of the victims reported dead after the massacre on the Salmon river. He was wounded in two places, and was almost starved.

The number of murders thus far ascertained is one woman, two children and fifteen men, in addition to thirty-three soldiers of Col. Perry's command killed and missing in the late fight. The details of the murders are horrible in the extreme. There are several women at Mount Idaho, the wives of settlers, who narrowly escaped, or were rescued after suffering the most horrible outrages. The result of the reconnaissance was that the Indians were discovered encamped across the Salmon river about twelve miles from this camp. As nearly as could be ascertained, they have about two hundred warriors. They have no lodges with them, but a large amount of stock is visible along the river bank. The country is of a most wild and rugged character, precipitous mountains and cañons rendering it extremely difficult for troops to travel. Added to the natural obstacles heavy and continuous rains have made the mountain trails almost impassable. It is Gen. Howard's intention to move the camp just beyond the scene of Col. Perry's recent engagement, about seven miles distant, and if possible, to-morrow will get his artillery in position on this side the Salmon river and endeavor to reach the enemy.

Col. Perry goes back this morning to meet and hasten toward the advancing column of troops now en route from Fort Lapwai. They should overtake us to night. If the Indians remain in their present position an engagement will take place to-morrow or Friday at latest. There is no further intelligence from Slate Creek, where Lieutenant Trimble is stationed with his company, and no news of any other outbreak among the other Indians in the vicinity. The officers and men are in excellent spirits and eager for a fight with the Indians.

The following dispatch has been received by Gov. Potts:

MISSOURI, MONTANA, Monday, 12:35 p. m.—John Summers and Mr. Wilkinson, who have just arrived from Corvallis, report that a Nez Perce, who talks good English, and has just come from Lewiston, Idaho, says that the Indians are coming into the Bitterroot Valley. They will come in at the head of the valley and clean it out, and if the Flatheads don't join them, they will clean them out too. The Flatheads have driven all their horses out of the valley, and their squaws and children are going to Lolo Fork. A Nez Perce chief stated that the Nez Perces were going to clean out the Bitterroot Valley, and that the Flatheads would join them as near as I can remember at 5 a. m. Tuesday.

Later—Anthony Claffia left here for Gila's creek about 1 o'clock this morning to try and persuade the people to remain a little longer. As John Summers was instructed to be back at Corvallis at daylight this morning, the whole valley is ready to move in here to-day if they hear nothing favorable. Henry Burkhouse moved his family in last night.

"JAS. H. MILLS, Secretary.

There is great uneasiness among the settlers of Western Montana and various calls have been made upon the Governor for arms, ammunition and troops.

University of Virginia.

Among the graduates at the commencement of the University of Virginia, besides those mentioned Thursday, were R. M. Hughes, Abington, Virginia, and Beverly R. Willford, Warsaw, Va., Masters of Arts; John Beale Gordon, Beaton, Va., Bachelor of Science; Joseph H. Bryan, Washington, D. C., Charles B. Kohlhausen, Winchester, Va., and Julian F. Ward, Winchester, Va., Doctors of Medicine; Eppa Hutton, Jr., Warrenton, Va., John F. Ellison, Falls Church, Va., and Collins Denny, Winchester, Va., Bachelors of Laws; Henry R. Dulany, Upperville, Va., and John B. Wildman, Leesburg, Va., Graduates in Mathematics; A. L. Mott, Jr., Leesburg, Va., proficient in Physiology and Anatomy; W. C. Yeaton, Alexandria, Va., proficient in German; Wm. M. Markell, of Alexandria, Va., proficient in International and Constitutional Law; John Thomas Cole, Culpeper, Va., Latin and Mathematics; Thomas W. Harrison, Leesburg, Va., Greek and Natural Philosophy; P. H. Brown, Middleburg, Va., Analytical Chemistry; Thos. Barbour, Warrenton, Va., Civil Engineering; John W. Lavin, Johnville, Culpeper county, prominent in Law; John A. Ficklin, Fredericksburg, Latin; S. A. Wallis, Tackett's Mills, Stafford county, Latin and French; A. L. Welford, Warsaw, Va., French; Chas. Knapp, Jr., Washington, D. C., French.

Taxes in Fairfax County.

FAIRFAX C. H., June 29.

We of Fairfax are necessitated to make the Gazette, now as of yore, the organ of the public voice in our county. That fifth wheel to the county wagon, known as the Board of Supervisors, met here on the 25th inst., and levied another 12 cents on the \$100 worth of property, making a total for the year as follows: State tax, 50 cts.; county tax, 24 cts.; county and district schools, 20 cts.; public roads, 10 cts. Total, \$1.04.

Besides which we have a dog tax—males, \$1.00, (females \$3.00); two days' labor on public roads, or \$2.00; capitation State, \$1.00; capitation county, 50 cts. Total, \$4.50.

Thus it will be seen that the county levy is greater than State tax, imposed, it is true, by our county officials, but with little or no regard to the wishes or consent of the people generally. Had such an additional tax been laid on by the Legislature of 1877 to meet State indebtedness such a wail would have gone up from centre to circumference of the good old county in vehement condemnation of the iniquity as was never heard before, but as much as it comes at the hands of local officers, not a word has been, so far as I know, uttered against it.

A TAX PAYER.

The winner at the Long Branch race to day was Yorkshire Lass, with Egypt 24, and King Bee 34.

Whatever tends to keep the blood pure surely tends to prolong life. Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture by its specific action upon the blood keeps it in a condition of purity.

News of the Day.

Reuben Bonds, of McLehaysville, Rockingham county, Va., was killed by a stab with a pocket-knife by Zebulon D. Gilmore, in that town last Thursday night. A family feud had for years existed between Bonds and Gilmore, but the immediate cause of the killing transpired but a few minutes before the fatal encounter. Gilmore is a merchant and about seventy years of age. Bonds was about forty-five years of age. The murder has caused great excitement.

A farm house near Sterlingville, Jefferson county, Pa., which was consumed by fire Thursday night was occupied by a family named Patterson. Mrs. Patterson and one small child escaped by running through the flames with their heads covered with blankets. A girl, eight years old, was burned to death. Two small boys saved themselves by jumping from a chamber window. The fire is supposed to have been the work of a tramp who had been refused admission to the house that day.

The Montreal sleeper, bound north, this morning, was wrecked near the Patterson station, on the Lake Champlain division of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Co.'s railroad, by a sliding embankment. The engineer, named Land, was killed, and the fireman hurt. It is reported that the passengers are all safe.

President Hayes.

New York, June 30.—President Hayes and party arrived at 6:30 this morning, on the Fall River line steamer Providence, and after breakfasting on board were transferred by the steamer or furnished by the line to the depot of the Pennsylvania Railroad, Jersey City, in time to connect with the limited express for Washington. The President expressed himself very much pleased with the trip over Long Island Sound. He said it was the "first good night's rest he had had since leaving Washington." Quite a demonstration was made at Fort Adams, the crowded station and other points in the harbor of New York, in the way of fireworks, explosion of torpedoes, &c., on the departing steamer from Newport last night.

TOURNAMENT AT RICHMOND.—A tournament was held at Richmond last Wednesday. The following knights entered the lists:—Wm. M. Norman, Jas. A. Moncure, N. W. Ford, Jr., Edward Waller, Duff Green, Thos. Rehill, Armistead Nelson, and T. J. Waller.

The marshals were Col. Thos. Waller, Maj. J. M. Lee, and Berj. Bell, esq. The charge to the knights was delivered by ex Mayor Withers, of Warrenton.

After the riding, the following knights were declared successful:—Armistead Nelson, who crowned Miss Fannie Daniel Elington, queen of love and beauty. Thos. Rehill crowned Miss Tallaferro first maid of honor. Jas. A. Moncure crowned Miss Pauline Harper second maid of honor. Wm. M. Moncure crowned Miss Nannie Waller third maid of honor.

N. W. Ford, esq., delivered the coronation address.

The festival, under the supervision of Mrs. Edward Rehill, was a grand success in every particular.

The ball, which commenced early in the evening, was kept up until day light. —*Fredricksburg News.*

REPRESENTATION IN ENGLAND.—In the House of Commons last night Mr. Trevelyan, liberal, moved that in the opinion of the House it is desirable to adopt a uniform franchise for borough and county constituencies, and so re-distribute political power as to obtain a more complete representation of opinion of the electoral body. The latter part of the motion is especially aimed against the present alleged in sufficient representation of large towns. Mr. Stansfeld, liberal conservative, said the motion was brought forward as the foundation of a future electoral cry for the liberal party. Sir Stafford Northcote and Mr. Goschen opposed, and the Marquis of Hartington strongly supported the motion. The House divided, and the motion was rejected by a vote of 276 to 220.

OFFICIAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

At an adjourned meeting of the Board of Aldermen, held June 27th, 1877, there were present: S. H. Draney, esq., President, and Messrs. Smoot, Strains, Downham and O'Neal.

The Revenue bill for the ensuing year was taken up and the action of the Common Council thereon, in the following order:—Ayes, Messrs. Draney, Smoot, Strains, Downham and O'Neal—5 votes, noes, none.

An act appropriating the city revenues for the fiscal year ending May 31, 1878, was amended in several items and passed by the following vote: Ayes, Messrs. Draney, Smoot, Strains, Downham and O'Neal—5 votes, noes, none.

Bills of L. McK. Bell, \$4; B. Brawner, \$13; Clarence Wheat, \$2; Thos. J. Edlin, \$2; Jas. E. Green, \$2; Edgar Warfield, \$2; B. W. Nalls, \$17, and G. H. Bossert, \$2, for election services; also a resolution instructing the Auditor to have printed 500 copies of the following bill: also a bill of the Gazette office, \$20, for printing the Mayor's message; also a petition of Hannah Burrage for reduction of assessment, were received from the Common Council and their action concurred in.

The following preamble and resolution were adopted: Whereas S. H. Draney, esq., our worthy and efficient President, having declined re-election, and in consequence we will be deprived of his services as members of this body the ensuing year; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the thanks of this Board are justly due and are hereby tendered to him, for the very able and impartial manner in which he has presided over our deliberations during the past year.

The Board then adjourned.

TESTES. JNO. J. JAMIESON, Clerk.

List of Letters.

The following is a list of the letters remaining in the P. O. office in this city June 30.

Persons calling for letters will say they are advertised and give the date of the list. If not called for within thirty days, they will be sent to the dead letter office, in Washington.

Boundy, Miss Rebecca Milford, Henry Brown, Mrs. Elton Marshall, Josina Taylor, Mrs. Emily D. Smith, Mrs. Frances Ward, Geo. E. Hileron, Rosanna Watkins, Rev. Nolla Lloyd, Mrs. Frederick Wm. B. Berkeley, Postmaster.

DIED.

This morning, MARISS TAYLOR, aged 62 years, the friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral at 9 p. m. Monday, from her late residence, on Fairfax street.

On June 29th EVELYN, daughter of J. W. and Emily F. Graves, in the 20th year of her age. Her funeral will take place from her father's residence, No. 25, south Columbia street, on to-morrow (Sunday) evening, at six o'clock. "She is not dead but sleeping."

On the 29th of June, 1877, Mrs. RULDAH CRAIN, in the 65th year of her age, widow of the late Bailey Crain, of Fauquier county, Va., after a painful illness of two weeks from paralysis, which she bore with great fortitude,